

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Benzoic acid **Other Names** No Data Available

Uses Formulation of pharmaceutical, food, cosmetics/personal care products and aromatic applications. Agricultural use. Use

as an intermediate and as an auxiliary for polymerization.

Chemical Family No Data Available

C7H6O2 **Chemical Formula Chemical Name** Benzoic acid **Product Description** No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

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Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Telephone Location Poisons Information Centre Australia - Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia **National Poison Centre** Malaysia +60-4-6536-999 New Zealand Chemcall 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 New Zealand **National Poisons Centre** 0800-764766 CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

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2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Auckland

London



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) - Category 3

Pictograms





Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

 Precautionary Statements
 Prevention
 P280
 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P264 Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Response P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P305 + P351 + P338 + IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

P310 if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTRE/doctor.

P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local / regional / national /

international regulations.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Benzoic acid	C7H6O2	65-85-0	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Get immediate

medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eve IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

> the upper and lower lids. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available. Immediately call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at

least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention!

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. Wash contaminated

clothing and shoes before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical advice/attention. Suitable emergency safety

shower facility should be immediately available.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing

respiratory symptoms, Call a Poison Centre or doctor/physician for advice. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing -

Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Get immediate medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Treat symptomatically. Symptoms of poisoning may even

occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident is recommended.

* Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: No information available.

* Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No information available.

Exposure

Medical Conditions Aggravated by May cause allergic reactions in certain individuals! Inhalation of dust may result in sensitization with allergic manifestations in predisposed persons.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment! If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from

fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Product is not flammable; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use High volume

water jet.

Avoid generating dust; Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is Fire and Explosion Hazard

a potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire/Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours, such as phenol, benzene,

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural firefighter's uniform may

provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through

spilled material. Avoid generating dust. Do not breathe dust/mist/gas/vapours and avoid contact with eyes, skin and

clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Mechanically recover the product. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal (see SECTION 13). Avoid

creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Use non-sparking tools.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so - Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination Ventilate spillage area.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Avoid release to the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sewer system. If contamination of sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away. Personal Precautionary Measures Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Do not breathe dust/mist/gas/vapours and avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Dry powders can build static electricity charges when subjected to the friction of transfer and mixing operations. Provide adequate precautions, such as electrical

grounding and bonding, or inert atmospheres.

Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed - check regularly for Storage

> spills. Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Keep away from food/feedstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10). Store locked up and out of reach

of children.

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

No specific exposure standards are available for this product. General

Exposure Limits No Data Available **Biological Limits** No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

- Respiratory protection: Wear respiratory protection in case of inadequate ventilation or if, determined by a risk **Personal Protection Equipment**

assessment, an inhalation risk exists. Recommended: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate, use a full-face particle respirator type N100 or P3 respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components

tested and approved under appropriate government standards (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to prevent eye contact. Recommended: Chemical goggles or Face shield and safety glasses. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government

- Hand protection: Wear protective gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves, e.g. Butyl rubber (0.5 mm), nitrile rubber

(0.35 mm), PVC (0.5 mm), neoprene (0.5 mm), Viton (0.4 mm).

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Protective

work clothing, e.g. Overalls, safety shoes.

Special Hazards Precaustions Avoid release to the environment.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Scaly or needle-like crystals

Odour Odourless or with a slight benzaldehyde odour

Colour White

pH 2.8 (saturated solution at 25 °C)

Vapour Pressure 0.0011 hPa (@ 20 °C)
Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point 249 °C **Melting Point** 122 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Soluble in water (3.5 g/l) 25°C

Specific Gravity1.27 - 1.321Flash PointNo Data AvailableAuto Ignition TempNo Data AvailableEvaporation RateNo Data AvailableBulk DensityNo Data Available

Corrosion Rate

No Data Available

Decomposition Temperature

No Data Available

Net Propellant WeightNo Data AvailableOctanol Water Coefficient1.88 (log Pow)Particle SizeNo Data AvailablePartition CoefficientNo Data AvailableSaturated Vapour ConcentrationNo Data Available

Vapour TemperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data AvailableVolatile PercentNo Data AvailableVOC VolumeNo Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is

a potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning Rate of Solid Materials No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Product is not flammable; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours, such as phenol, benzene,

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

In aqueous solution, contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas!

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, reducing agents, bases, moisture, metal.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours, such as phenol, benzene,

carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. May be harmful if swallowed. Ingestion of large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation. Mild skin irritation (Rabbit, 24 h) [Draize Test].
- Eye damage/irritation: Causes serious eye damage (redness and pain). Causes eye burns! Severely irritating (Rabbit) [OECD 405].
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not a (skin) sensitiser [NICNAS]. May cause allergic reactions in certain individuals. Inhalation of dust may result in sensitization with allergic manifestations in predisposed persons.
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not considered mutagenic or clastogenic [NICNAS]. Negative [OECD 487, 475].
- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Not considered carcinogenic [NICNAS]. No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. No evidence of reproductive or developmental toxicity [NICNAS].
- STOT (single exposure): Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Overexposure by inhalation may cause respiratory irritation (coughing).
- STOT (repeated exposure): Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure. Available evidence from animal studies indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could also result in effects on the liver and kidneys.
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available. Information on likely routes of exposure:
- Ingestion: No information available.
- Eye contact: Causes serious eye damage.
- Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.
- Inhalation: Causes damage to organs(lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure(Inhalation).
 Chronic effects: Causes damage to organs(lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure(Inhalation).

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

LD50, Rats: 2,565 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].
 LD50, Mice: 2,250 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

- LD50, Rats: >2,000 mg/kg bw. [NICNAS].

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rats: >12.2 mg/L (4 h) [NICNAS].

Chronic

Inhalation Repeated dose toxicity (Inhalation):

- NOAEC, Rat (systemic effects): >0.25 mg/L (6 h/d) [NICNAS].

Carcinogen Category

None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish: 47.3 mg/L (96 h) [EPA-660/3-75-001]. - NOEC, Fish: >120 mg/L (28 d) [OECD 204].

EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >100 mg/L (48 h) [EPA-660/3-75-009].
 NOEC, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >25 mg/L (21 d) [OECD 211].

- ErC50, Algae: >33.1 mg/L (72 h) [OECD 201].

- IC50, Microorganisms: >1,000 mg/L (3 h) [OECD 209].

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility Calculated Koc: 15.49

Environmental Fate Slightly hazardous for water - Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course

or sewage system.

*Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised!

Bioaccumulation PotentialBioaccumulation is not expected due to log Kow. Log Pow: 1.88

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container to a licensed disposal company and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

*Controlled biodegradation in waste water treatment is possible.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner

and scrubber.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Benzoic acid

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name

Class

No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)

No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available

Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Benzoic acid Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No.

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameBenzoic acidClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information BENZOIC ACID (excluding its salts and derivatives) is listed in the SUSMP in Schedule 5: in preparations for agricultural

use except preparations containing 1% or less of benzoic acid.

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503 - Additives Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Listed

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 200-618-2

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (List of Classified Substances) Not Listed

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Taiwan (TCSI) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

Mexico (INSQ) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes

BEACID1000, BEACID1001, BEACID1002, BEACID1003, BEACID1004, BEACID1005, BEACID1006, BEACID1007, BEACID1009, BEACID1010, BEACID1011, BEACID1012, BEACID1013, BEACID1014, BEACID1015, BEACID1016, BEACID1017, BEACID1018, BEACID1200, BEACID1500, BEACID1501, BEACID1800, BEACID1801, BEACID1802, BEACID2000, BEACID2500, BEACID2501, BEACID2502, BEACID2503, BEACID2504, BEACID2505, BEACID2506, BEACID2507, BEACID2508, BEACID2509, BEACID2510, BEACID2511, BEACID2512, BEACID2513, BEACID2514, BEACID2515, BEACID2516, BEACID2517, BEACID2518, BEACID2519, BEACID2520, BEACID2521, BEACID2522, BEACID2523, BEACID2524, BEACID2525, BEACID2526, BEACID2526, BEACID3000, BEACID3001, BEACID3002, BEACID3500, BEACID3600, BEACID4000, BEACID4000, BEACID5000, BEACID5000, BEACID6000, BEACID6001, BEACID6100, BEACID6300, BEACID6301, BEACID6302, BEACID6303, BEACID6304, BEACID6500, BEACID7000, BEACID7001, BEACID7000, BEACID7700, BEACID7700, BEACID7702, BEACID7703, BEACID7705, BEACID7706, BEACID7708, BEACID7708, BEACID7900, BEACID8000, BEACID8000, BEACID8000, BEACID9000, BEACID9200

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm3 Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury
inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m3 Kilograms per Cubic Metre

lb Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH2O Millimetres of Water mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight