

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Sodium hexametaphosphate

Other Names Calgon; SHMP; sodium metaphosphate

Uses Fertilisers; Intermediates; Laboratory chemicals; Binding agents; Complexing agents; Corrosion inhibitors, anti-scaling

agents; Fillers; Food/feedstuff additives; pH-regulating agents; Softeners; Stabilisers.

Chemical Family No Data Available H6018P6.6Na **Chemical Formula**

Chemical Name Metaphosphoric acid (H6P6O18), hexasodium salt

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation Location Telephone Redox Ltd 2 Swettenham Road +61-2-97333000 Minto NSW 2566

Australia

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> Wiri Auckland 2104 New 7ealand

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Seksyen 33, Shah Alam Premier Industrial Park

40400 Shah Alam Sengalor, Malaysia

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN7234

8UU-424-9300 CN723420 CHEMIREC USA & Canada

+1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Sodium hexametaphosphate	H6O18P6.6Na	10124-56-8	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by

medical personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical advice/attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting Eye

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically and supportively.

*The toxicity of phosphates is because of their ability to sequester calcium. Systemic metabolic acidosis may result as this

material is believed to be hydrolyzed to orthophosphates when ingested (before absorption). Tetany may also occur as a

result of reduction in serum level of ionic calcium.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Persons with pre-existing skin, eye or respiratory disease may be at increased risk.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Non-combustible. In a fire, it may melt with loss of steam.

Extinguishing Media If material is involved in a fire, use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction.

*Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Fire and Explosion Hazard

When heated to decomposition, it emits highly toxic fumes.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

sodium oxides. Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Personal Protective Equipment

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours, including oxides of phosphorus,

provide limited protection.

Flash Point No Data Available **Lower Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Upper Explosion Limit** No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temperature** No Data Available **Hazchem Code** No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through **General Response Procedure**

spilled material. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust/vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal (see SECTION 13).

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Decontamination Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and dispose of according to local and regional authority

requirements.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into sewers and waterways. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate personal protective equipment (see SECTION 8).

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

> adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust/vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Wear

suitable protective clothing (see SECTION 8). Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed when not in use.

Hygroscopic - Protect from moisture. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from

food/feedstuffs and incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General There are no occupational exposure limit values for this substance. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust).

- New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits Derived no-effect levels (DNELs) for Workers:

- Long-term, systemic effects (Inhalation): 5.289 mg/m3

Predicted no-effect concentrations (PNECs):

Freshwater: 0.1 mg/lMarine water: 0.01 mg/lIntermittent release: 1 mg/l

- Sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/l

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust

mask/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Wear safety glasses with

side shields or chemical safety goggles.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Wear lab

coat; Overalls, Boots.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Take off

contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Crystalline powder, granules, pellets.

Odour Odourless
Colour White

pH 7 (1% solution/water)

Vapour Pressure No Data Available

Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point 1,500 °C **Melting Point** >450 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Moderately soluble in water - Insoluble in organic solvents

No Data Available

Specific Gravity 1.25 (Water = 1) Flash Point No Data Available **Auto Ignition Temp** No Data Available **Evaporation Rate** No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available No Data Available **Corrosion Rate Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density 2.484 q/cm3 **Specific Heat** No Data Available **Molecular Weight** No Data Available **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** No Data Available **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** Viscosity No Data Available

Volatile Percent

VOC Volume No Data Available

Additional Characteristics Depolymerises in aqueous solutions to form sodium trimetaphosphate and sodium orthophosphates.

Potential for Dust Explosion No information available.

Fast or Intensely Burning No information available.

Characteristics

Flame Propagation or Burning No information available.
Rate of Solid Materials

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Non-combustible. In a fire, it may melt with loss of steam.

Reactions That Release Gases or Vapours

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours, including oxides of phosphorus,

sodium oxides.

Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General InformationThe product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Slightly corrosive in presence of steel.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Protect from moisture. Avoid excess heat.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, strong acids, strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapours, including oxides of phosphorus,

sodium oxides.

Hazardous Polymerisation Polymerisation will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: May be harmful if swallowed. This salt appears to be hydrolyzed within the bowel to phosphoric acid. May cause gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting, and diarrhoea.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: May cause skin irritation. Not irritating (Rabbit).
- Eye damage/irritation: Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation. Not irritating (Rabbit).
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not sensitising (Mouse).
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Bacterial reverse mutation assay, results: negative.
- Carcinogenicity: The test material was considered devoid of carcinogenic potential.
- Reproductive toxicity: The results provide support for the argument that there is no concern with regard to effects of sodium metaphosphate on reproduction.
- STOT (single exposure): May cause respiratory tract irritation. May affect behavior/central nervous system/peripheral nervous system (somnolence, convulsions, lethargy, and flaccid paralysis), urinary system (kidneys-renal failure, acute tubular necrosis). It may also cause heart disturbances (fall in blood pressure, slow pulse) and blood chemistry effects (reduction of serum level of calcium).
- STOT (repeated exposure): The toxicity of phosphates is because of their ability to sequester calcium. Sodium hexametaphosphate may sequester calcium and cause calcium phosphate deposits in the kidneys. Chronic ingestion or inhalation may induce systemic phosphorous poisoning. Liver damage, kidney damage, jaw/tooth abnormalities, blood disorders and cardiovascular effects can result.
- Aspiration toxicity: No information available.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rat: >3.69 mg/L (4 h) dust/mist.

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss): >100 mg/L (96 h) [OECD Guideline 203].
- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >485 mg/L (48 h) [EPA OTS 797.1300].
- EC50, Alqae (Desmodesmus subspicatus): >100 mg/L (72 h) [OECD Guideline 201].

Persistence/Degradability Possibly hazardous short term degradation products are not likely. However, long term degradation products may arise.

The product itself and its products of degradation are not toxic.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Slightly hazardous for water. Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water bodies

or sewage system.

Bioaccumulation Potential No bioaccumulation potential.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container via a licensed contractor and in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill No information available.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available No Data Available

Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

UN Number

Pack Group

Hazchem

Proper Shipping Name Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Sodium hexametaphosphate

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Sodium Hexametaphosphate

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Listed

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 233-343-1

Europe (REACh) 01-2119485651-33-XXXX

Japan (ENCS/METI) 1-497

Korea (KECI) KE-19835

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Listed

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes

SOHEXA1000, SOHEXA1001, SOHEXA1002, SOHEXA1003, SOHEXA1004, SOHEXA1005, SOHEXA1006, SOHEXA1007, SOHEXA1008, SOHEXA1009, SOHEXA1010, SOHEXA1011, SOHEXA1012, SOHEXA1013, SOHEXA1014, SOHEXA1015, SOHEXA1016, SOHEXA1017, SOHEXA1018, SOHEXA1019, SOHEXA1020, SOHEXA1021, SOHEXA1022, SOHEXA1023, SOHEXA1024, SOHEXA1025, SOHEXA1026, SOHEXA1027, SOHEXA1028, SOHEXA1029, SOHEXA1030, SOHEXA1031, SOHEXA1032, SOHEXA1033, SOHEXA1034, SOHEXA1035, SOHEXA1036, SOHEXA1037, SOHEXA1038, SOHEXA1039, SOHEXA1040, SOHEXA1041, SOHEXA1042, SOHEXA1043, SOHEXA1044, SOHEXA1045, SOHEXA1047, SOHEXA1052, SOHEXA1060, SOHEXA1500, SOHEXA1800, SOHEXA1801, SOHEXA1802, SOHEXA1803, SOHEXA1804, SOHEXA1805, SOHEXA1806, SOHEXA1807, SOHEXA1808, SOHEXA1809, SOHEXA1810, SOHEXA1811, SOHEXA2000, SOHEXA2500, SOHEXA2501, SOHEXA2800, SOHEXA3000, SOHEXA3100, SOHEXA3400, SOHEXA3401, SOHEXA3402, SOHEXA3403, SOHEXA3502, SOHEXA3600, SOHEXA3800, SOHEXA4000, SOHEXA4001, SOHEXA4300, SOHEXA6000, SOHEXA6600, SOHEXA7000, SOHEXA7001, SOHEXA7100, SOHEXA7500, SOHEXA7501, SOHEXA7800, SOHEXA8000, SOHEXA8001, SOHEXA8500, SOHEXA8600, SOHEXF1000, SOHEXF1001, SOHEXF1002, SOHEXF1003, SOHEXF1200, SOHEXF1500, SOHEXF1800, SOHEXF2000, SOHEXF3100, SOHEXF3101, SOHEXF3102, SOHEXF3103, SOHEXF3140, SOHEXF3200, SOHEXF4000, SOHEXF4100, SOHEXF4200, SOHEXF4300, SOHEXF4400, SOHEXF4500, SOHEXF4700, SOHEXF5000, SOHEXF5200, SOHEXF5500, SOHEXF5600, SOHEXF5700, SOHEXF6000, SOHEXF7000, SOHEXF8000, SOHEXF9000, SOHEXF9100

Revision 5

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or **Miscible** Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present. **mm** Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight