

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Other Names 2,2'-(Methylimino)bis[ethanol; Ethanol, 2,2'-(methylimino)bis-

Uses Chemical intermediate. No Data Available **Chemical Family**

Chemical Formula C5H13NO2

Chemical Name N-Methyldiethanolamine **Product Description** No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

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Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 National Poisons Centre New Zealand 0800-764766

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2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

London



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification Hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Hazard Categories Serious Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A

Pictograms

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements Prevention P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Response P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

HSNO Classifications Health Hazards 6.4A Substances that are irritating to the eye

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Methyldiethanolamine	C5H13NO2	105-59-9	>=60 - <=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Get medical advice/attention if you feel

unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing until recovered. If

respiratory symptoms persist, get medical advice/attention. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer

oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

No information quallable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible liquid; may burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jet.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Containers may explode when heated.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire/thermal decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon

monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point 138 °C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid

breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to a container for disposal (see SECTION 13).

*Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so – Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas.

Decontamination No information available.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Combustible liquid: Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Take

precautionary measures against static discharge.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat

and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process

enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure

assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Recommended: Organic vapour

type (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses with side-

shields; Face-shield.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Rubber gloves; Neoprene gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Complete

suit protecting against chemicals.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and

wash it before reuse. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceLiquidOdourAmmoniacalColourColourlesspH11.5 10 % (20 °C)Vapour Pressure0.0031 hPa (@ 20 °C)

Relative Vapour Density 4 Air = 1**Boiling Point** $243.3 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Melting Point No Data Available

Freezing Point -21.3 °C

Solubility Completely soluble in water

Specific Gravity No Data Available

Flash Point 138 °C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Auto Ignition Temp 280 °C

Evaporation Rate No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density 1.04 g/cm3 **Specific Heat** No Data Available Molecular Weight 119.16 a/mol **Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient Log Pow: -1.16 (23 °C) No Data Available **Particle Size Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available **Vapour Temperature** No Data Available

Viscosity 99.05 mm2/s (@ No Data Available)

Volatile Percent No Data Available **VOC Volume** No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or

Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible liquid; may burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire

Fire/thermal decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon

monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Stable under normal conditions. **Chemical Stability**

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Incompatible/reactive with strong acids, oxidising agents, isocyanates. **Materials to Avoid**

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/thermal decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon

monoxide, Carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerisation Does not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information

- Acute toxicity: Not classified based on available information. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting.
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: No skin irritation (Rabbit).
- Eye damage/irritation: Cause serious eye irritation. COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: Irritating (Rabbit).
- Respiratory/skin sensitisation: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: Nonsensitising (Guinea pig, skin).
- Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.
- Carcinogenicity: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.
- Reproductive toxicity: Not classified based on available information. COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: No toxicity to reproduction; Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.
- STOT (single exposure): Not classified based on available information.

- STOT (repeated exposure): Not classified based on available information.

- Aspiration toxicity: Not classified based on available information.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine: - LD50, Rat: 4,680 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Other Acute toxicity (Dermal):

COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine:

- LD50, Rabbit: >2,000 mg/kg [Supplier's SDS].

Chronic

Other Repeated dose toxicity (Dermal):

COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine:

- NOAEL, Rat: 750 mg/kg (90 days) [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine:

- LC50, Fish (Leuciscus idus): 1,466 mg/L (96 h) [Supplier's SDS].
- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): 233 mg/L (48 h) [Supplier's SDS].

- EC50, Algae/aquatic plants (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata): >100 mg/L (72 h) [Supplier's SDS].

Persistence/Degradability COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine:

- Readily biodegradable (96 %, 18 days).

Mobility Mobility in soil:

COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine:

- Koc: 42 - log Koc: 1.62

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential COMPONENT: Methyldiethanolamine:

- Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.7 - 3.2

- log Pow: -1.08 (25 °C)

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations. Waste must be classified and

labelled prior to recycling or disposal.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Contaminated packaging: Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Class C2 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >93°C, Closed Cup, Not Excluded Flammable

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available
EMS No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No.

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name Methyldiethanolamine (MDEA)

Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code HSR002503

HSR003155 (Revoked)

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) Not Determined

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (EHS Register) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Switzerland (Giftliste 1) Not Determined

Switzerland (Inventory of Notified

Substances)

Not Determined

Taiwan (NCSR) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes MEDIET1000, MEDIET10

MEDIET1300, MEDIET1400, MEDIET1401, MEDIET1420, MEDIET2000, MEDIET3000, MEDIET4000, MEDIET5000,

MEDIET6000, MEDIET6001

Revision

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one

half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre m³ Cubic Metre mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight