

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name Isopropyl Myristate

Other Names IPM

Uses Emollient used in cosmetics and topical medicinal preparations; Solvent in perfume materials.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C17H34O2

Chemical Name Tetradecanoic acid, 1-methylethyl ester

Product Description Lipophilic emollient.

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

 Organisation
 Location
 Telephone

 Redox Ltd
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Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Organisation Location Telephone Poisons Information Centre Australia - Westmead NSW 1800-251525 131126 Chemcall Australia 1800-127406 +64-4-9179888 +64-4-9179888 Chemcall Malaysia **National Poison Centre** Malaysia +60-4-6536-999 Chemcall New Zealand 0800-243622 +64-4-9179888 **National Poisons Centre** New Zealand 0800-764766

CHEMTREC USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300 CN723420

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2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled



Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
Isopropyl myristate	C17H34O2	110-27-0	<=100 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth, then drink a glass of water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice/attention.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash skin with plenty of soap and running

water/shower. If skin irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon. Under certain fire conditions, traces of other

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. Do not leave victim unattended!

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Measures If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

Flammability Conditions Combustible liquid (C2); May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing MediaUse dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not use water jet.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Containers may explode when heated. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Vapours are heavier than air

and may spread along floors.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Compastion

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may cause pollution.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only

provide limited protection.

Flash Point >=150 °C [Open cup]
Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available
Upper Explosion Limit No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature >=225 °C

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources. Do not touch or walk through spilled material - Slippery

when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately! Avoid breathing vapours and contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Pick up with sand or other non-combustible absorbent material and place into containers for later disposal (see SECTION

13).

Containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Decontamination Wash area down with detergent and excess water.

Environmental Precautionary

Prevent entry into drains and waterways. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency

Measures

ervices.

Evacuation Criteria

Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate wok area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid breathing mist/vapours/aerosols and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as

required (see SECTION 8). Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use -

Check regularly for leaks. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible

materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product.

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Organic

vapour/particulate respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Safety glasses.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Impervious gloves, e.g. Nitrile rubber.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. Recommended: Overalls,

safety shoes.

Special Hazards Precaustions No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Liquid

Transparent liquid **Appearance**

Odour Odourless

Colour Colourless to pale yellow

Ηα No Data Available **Vapour Pressure** No Data Available **Relative Vapour Density** No Data Available

Boiling Point >=193 °C 0 - 3 °C **Melting Point**

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Insoluble in water - Soluble in most organic solvents

Specific Gravity 0.850 - 0.855 **Flash Point** >=150 °C [Open cup]

Auto Ignition Temp >=225 °C

Evaporation Rate No Data Available **Bulk Density** No Data Available **Corrosion Rate** No Data Available **Decomposition Temperature** No Data Available Density No Data Available **Specific Heat** No Data Available No Data Available **Molecular Weight Net Propellant Weight** No Data Available **Octanol Water Coefficient** log Pow: >6 **Particle Size** No Data Available **Partition Coefficient** No Data Available **Saturated Vapour Concentration** No Data Available No Data Available Vapour Temperature Viscosity No Data Available

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Not applicable.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

Volatile Percent

VOC Volume

No information available.

No Data Available

No Data Available

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Properties That May Initiate or

Fire

Combustible liquid (C2); May burn but does not ignite readily.

Contribute to Fire Intensity **Reactions That Release Gases or**

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon. Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Release of Invisible Flammable Vapours and Gases

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical StabilityStable under normal conditions of use.Conditions to AvoidKeep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to Avoid Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents and reducing agents, concentrated acids and alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic gases, including oxides of Carbon. Under certain fire conditions,

traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

Hazardous Polymerisation Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

Ingestion: No adverse effects expected; large amounts may cause nausea and vomiting.
Eye contact: May cause eye irritation. Slight irritation (Rabbit) [OECD Test Guideline 405].
Skin contact: May cause skin irritation. Slight irritation (Rabbit) [OECD Test Guideline 404].

- Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract (mucous membranes).

Chronic effects: Negative (Genotoxicity, in vitro: Ames test). Not listed as carcinogenic according to the International

Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- LD50, Rat: >2,000 mg/kg bw. [OECD 401; Supplier's SDS].

Inhalation Acute toxicity (Inhalation):

- LC50, Rat: >5.3 mg/L (4 h) [OECD 436; Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Aquatic toxicity:

- LC50, Fish (Lepomis macrochirus): >1,000 mg/L (96 h).
- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >0.05 mg/l (48 h).
- ErC50, Algae (Scenedesmus subspicatus): >0.05 mg/l (72 h).

Persistence/Degradability Product is biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Do not allow uncontrolled leakage of product into the environment.

Bioaccumulation Potential Does not accumulate in organisms.

*Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow): 7.7

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

General Information

Special Precautions for Land Fill No information available.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name Isopropyl Myristate

Class C2 Combustible Liquids - Flash Point >93°C, Closed Cup, Not Excluded Flammable

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name Isopropyl myristate
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name Isopropyl Myristate
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name Isopropyl Myristate

Class No Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name Isopropyl Myristate Class No Data Available No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) **UN Number** No Data Available Hazchem No Data Available No Data Available **Pack Group Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping NameIsopropyl MyristateClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data AvailableUN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods ClassificationNOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Not Determined

Canada (NDSL) Not Determined

China (IECSC) Not Determined

Europe (EINECS) 203-751-4

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Not Determined

Korea (KECI) Not Determined

Malaysia (List of Classified Substances) Not Determined

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Not Determined

Taiwan (TCSI) Not Determined

USA (TSCA) Not Determined

Mexico (INSQ) Not Determined

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes ISPRMY1000, ISPRMY1001, ISPRMY1002, ISPRMY1003, ISPRMY1004, ISPRMY1005, ISPRMY1006, ISPRMY1007,

ISPRMY1008, ISPRMY1009, ISPRMY1010, ISPRMY1011, ISPRMY1012, ISPRMY1013, ISPRMY2000, ISPRMY2001, ISPRMY2002, ISPRMY2003, ISPRMY2500, ISPRMY2501, ISPRMY3000, ISPRMY3400, ISPRMY3500, ISPRMY3501, ISPRMY3502, ISPRMY3503, ISPRMY3600, ISPRMY3601, ISPRMY3700, ISPRMY4000, ISPRMY5000, ISPRMY5100, ISPRMY5500, ISPRMY5505, ISPRMY5510, ISPRMY6000, ISPRMY7000, ISPRMY7001, ISPRMY8000, ISPRMY8001,

ISPRMY8010, ISPRMY9000

Revision 5

Revision Date 30 Oct 2020

Key/Legend < Less Than
> Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

 $\mathbf{g} \; \mathsf{Grams}$

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism

IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

immiscible Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury

inH20 Inch of Water

K Kelvin

kg Kilogram

kg/m³ Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours

mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours

ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight