

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name 12-Hydroxystearic acid (12-HSA)

Other Names 12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid; Fatty acids, castor oil, hydrogenated [CAS#61790-39-4]; Hydrogenated castor oil fatty acid

(HCOFA); Stearic acid, 12-hydroxy-

Uses Intermediate, Resins, Lubricants, Dispersants, Polymer & rubber processing aid, Cosmetics.

Chemical Family No Data Available

Chemical Formula C18H36O3

Chemical Name Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-

Product Description No Data Available

Contact Details of the Supplier of this Safety Data Sheet

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Redox Ltd	2 Swettenham Road Minto NSW 2566 Australia	+61-2-97333000
Redox Ltd	11 Mayo Road Wiri Auckland 2104 New Zealand	+64-9-2506222
Redox Inc.	3960 Paramount Boulevard Suite 107 Lakewood CA 90712 USA	+1-424-675-3200
Redox Chemicals Sdn Bhd	Suite 13A.03, Menara Summit Persiaran Kewajipan USJ1 47600 UEP Subang Jaya	+60-3-5614-2111

Emergency Contact Details

For emergencies only; DO NOT contact these companies for general product advice.

Selangor, Malaysia

Organisation	Location	Telephone
Poisons Information Centre	Australia – Westmead NSW	1800-251525 131126
Chemcall	Australia	1800-127406 +64-4-9179888
Chemcall	Malaysia	+64-4-9179888
National Poison Centre	Malaysia	+60-4-6536-999
Chemcall	New Zealand	0800-243622 +64-4-9179888
National Poisons Centre	New Zealand	0800-764766
CHEMTREC	USA & Canada	1-800-424-9300 CN723420 +1-703-527-3887

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled





Globally Harmonised System

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals (GHS)

Signal Word None

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Safe Work Australia

National Guide for Classifying Hazardous Chemicals under the Model WHS Regulations

Hazard Classification NOT hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia under Model WHS Regulations

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients

Chemical Entity	Formula	CAS Number	Proportion
12-Hydroxystearic acid	C18H36O3	106-14-9	>=82 - 100 %
Other fatty acids	Unspecified	Unspecified	<=15 %

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures according to routes of exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Eye IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with running water for several minutes, holding eyelids open and occasionally lifting

the upper and lower lids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye

irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.

Skin IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If skin irritation

occurs, get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If respiratory symptoms

persist, get medical advice/attention. Apply resuscitation if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is

difficult.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by No information available.

Exposure

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Cool containers with water spray until well after fire is out.

General Measures

Flammability Conditions Combustible solid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam or water spray for extinction - Do not scatter spilled material with high-

pressure water streams.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Avoid generating dust; Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is

a potential dust explosion hazard.

Hazardous Products of

Combustion

Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Instructions Contain runoff from fire control or dilution water - Runoff may pollute waterways.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and chemical splash suit. SCBA and structural

firefighter's uniform may provide limited protection.

Flash Point 210 - 294 °C [COC]

Lower Explosion Limit No Data Available

Upper Explosion Limit No Data Available

Auto Ignition Temperature No Data Available

Hazchem Code No Data Available

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

General Response Procedure Ensure adequate ventilation. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (if dust clouds can occur). Do not touch or walk through

spilled material - slippery on walking area! Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and

clothing.

Clean Up Procedures Take up clean material and use as planned. Take up contaminated material by mechanical means, fill into clean

containers and dispose according to regulations (see SECTION 13).

*If melt is spilled, allow it to solidify before cleaning up.

Containment Stop leak if safe to do so — Prevent entry into waterways, drains or confined areas. Prevent dust cloud.

Decontamination Flush with water.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Evacuation Criteria Spill or leak area should be isolated immediately. Keep unauthorised personnel away.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid formation of dust or aerosols. Avoid breathing dust and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not ingest. Use personal protective equipment as required (see SECTION 8). Keep away from excessive heat and sources of ignition - No smoking.

Storage Storage Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated place, out of direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep

away from heat and sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from incompatible materials (see SECTION 10).

Container Keep in the original container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

General No specific exposure standards are available for this product. For dusts from solid substances without specific

occupational exposure standards:

- Safe Work Australia Exposure Standard (Nuisance dusts): 8 hr TWA = 10 mg/m3 (measured as inhalable dust). - New Zealand WES (Particulates not otherwise classified): TWA = 10 mg/m3; TWA = 3 mg/m3 (respirable dust).

Exposure Limits No Data Available

Biological Limits No information available.

Engineering Measures A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures as low as possible. Local exhaust

ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing

dispersion of it into the general work area.

Personal Protection Equipment - Respiratory protection: In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Dust

mask/particulate filter respirator (refer to AS/NZS 1715 & 1716).

- Eye/face protection: Wear appropriate eye protection to avoid eye contact. Recommended: Protective glasses.

- Hand protection: Handle with gloves. Recommended: Protective gloves.

- Skin/body protection: Wear appropriate personal protective clothing to avoid skin contact. No recommendation.

Special Hazards Precaustions

No information available.

Work Hygienic Practices

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State Solid

Appearance Flakes or powder

Odour Slight, characteristic (like hardened vegetable oil)

Colour White, creamy to pale yellow

pH No Data Available
Vapour Pressure No Data Available
Relative Vapour Density No Data Available

Boiling Point ~265 °C (Decomposes before boiling)

Melting Point >70 - 77 °C

Freezing Point No Data Available

Solubility Insoluble in water - Soluble in alcohol, ether & chloroform

No Data Available

Specific Gravity0.95 - 1.021Flash Point210 - 294 °C [COC]Auto Ignition TempNo Data AvailableEvaporation RateNo Data Available

Bulk DensityNo Data AvailableCorrosion RateNo Data AvailableDecomposition TemperatureNo Data AvailableDensityNo Data AvailableSpecific HeatNo Data AvailableMolecular WeightNo Data AvailableNet Propellant WeightNo Data Available

Octanol Water Coefficient

Particle Size

Partition Coefficient

No Data Available

No Data Available

No Data Available

Vapour TemperatureNo Data AvailableViscosity17.6 cps (@ 100 °C)Volatile PercentNo Data Available

VOC Volume No Data Available

Saturated Vapour Concentration

Additional Characteristics No information available.

Potential for Dust Explosion Avoid generating dust; Fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is

a potential dust explosion hazard.

Fast or Intensely Burning

Characteristics

No information available.

Flame Propagation or Burning

Rate of Solid Materials

No information available.

Non-Flammables That Could

Contribute Unusual Hazards to a

Fire

No information available.

Properties That May Initiate or Contribute to Fire Intensity

Combustible solid; May burn but does not ignite readily.

Reactions That Release Gases or

Vapours

Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide.

Release of Invisible Flammable

Vapours and Gases

No information available.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General Information No information available.

Chemical Stability Stable under normal storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid generating dust. Keep away from excessive heat and sources of ignition. **Materials to Avoid** Incompatible/reactive with strong oxidising agents, strong alkaline substances.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

None if handled and stored as prescribed. Fire/decomposition may produce irritating and/or toxic fumes, including

Carbon monoxide and Carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerisation No information available.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

General Information Information on possible routes of exposure:

- Ingestion: Ingestion of large quantities may result in intestinal obstruction.

- Eye contact: Excessive concentrations of nuisance dusts in the workroom air may seriously reduce visibility and may cause unpleasant deposits in the eyes.

- Skin contact: Excessive concentrations of nuisance dusts in the workroom may cause unpleasant deposits on the skin and in the ears. Injury to the skin may occur by chemical or mechanical action or by the rigorous skin cleansing procedures necessary for their removal.

- Inhalation: Excessive concentrations of nuisance dusts in the workroom may cause unpleasant deposits in the nasal passages.

Chronic effects: This material is not listed by IARC, NTP or OSHA as a carcinogen.

Acute

Ingestion Acute toxicity (Oral):

- Expected LD50, Rat: >5,000 mg/kg (based on data taken from similar product) [Supplier's SDS].

Carcinogen Category None

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity: **Ecotoxicity**

- LC50, Fish (freshwater): >9,900 mg/l (96 h).

- EC50, Crustacea (Daphnia magna): >100 mg/l (48 h).

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable.

Mobility No information available.

Environmental Fate Prevent entry into drains and waterways.

Bioaccumulation Potential No information available.

Environmental Impact No Data Available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

General Information Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Special Precautions for Land Fill Dissolve or mix the product with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with afterburner and

scrubber. Smaller quantity can be disposed of with household waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transport (Australia)

ADG Code

Proper Shipping Name12-Hydroxystearic acidClassNo Data AvailableSubsidiary Risk(s)No Data Available

No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (Malaysia)

ADR Code

Proper Shipping Name 12-Hydroxystearic acid
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available
UN Number No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (New Zealand)

NZS5433

Proper Shipping Name12-Hydroxystearic acidClassNo Data Available

Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available

No Data Available

UN Number No Data Available
Hazchem No Data Available
Pack Group No Data Available
Special Provision No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Land Transport (United States of America)

US DOT

Proper Shipping Name 12-Hydroxystearic acid
Class No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available
No Data Available

UN NumberNo Data AvailableHazchemNo Data AvailablePack GroupNo Data AvailableSpecial ProvisionNo Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for LAND transport.

Sea Transport

IMDG Code

Proper Shipping Name 12-Hydroxystearic acid Class No Data Available Subsidiary Risk(s) No Data Available **UN Number** No Data Available No Data Available Hazchem **Pack Group** No Data Available **Special Provision** No Data Available **EMS** No Data Available

Marine Pollutant No

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for SEA transport.

Air Transport

IATA DGR

Proper Shipping Name
12-Hydroxystearic acid
Class
No Data Available
Subsidiary Risk(s)
No Data Available
UN Number
No Data Available
Hazchem
No Data Available
Pack Group
No Data Available
Special Provision
No Data Available

Comments NON-DANGEROUS GOODS: Not regulated for AIR transport.

National Transport Commission (Australia)

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Dangerous Goods Classification

NOT Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

General Information No Data Available
Poisons Schedule (Aust) Not Scheduled

Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Amendment Act 2015

Approval Code Not Hazardous

National/Regional Inventories

Australia (AIIC) Listed

Canada (DSL) Listed

Canada (NDSL) Not Listed

China (IECSC) Listed

Europe (EINECS) 203-366-1

Europe (REACh) Not Determined

Japan (ENCS/METI) Listed

Korea (KECI) Listed

Malaysia (List of Classified Substances) Not Listed

New Zealand (NZIoC) Listed

Philippines (PICCS) Listed

Taiwan (TCSI) Listed

USA (TSCA) Listed

Mexico (INSQ) Listed

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Related Product Codes HYSTEA1001, HYSTEA1001, HYSTEA1002, HYSTEA1003, HYSTEA1004, HYSTEA1005, HYSTEA1006,

HYSTEA1007, HYSTEA1008, HYSTEA1900, HYSTEA2000, HYSTEA2001, HYSTEA2005, HYSTEA2006, HYSTEA2007, HYSTEA2010, HYSTEA2020, HYSTEA2025, HYSTEA2100, HYSTEA2101, HYSTEA3000, HYSTEA3100, HYSTEA3101, HYSTEA3102, HYSTEA3103, HYSTEA3104, HYSTEA3105, HYSTEA3106, HYSTEA3107, HYSTEA3108, HYSTEA3109, HYSTEA3110, HYSTEA3111, HYSTEA3900, HYSTEA4000, HYSTEA4000, HYSTEA5000, HYSTEA6000, HYSTEA6000, HYSTEA9105, HYSTEA9008, HYSTEA9100, HYSTEA9105, HYSTEA9105, HYSTEA9100, HYSTEA9105, HYSTEA9105, HYSTEA9100, HYSTEA9105, HYSTEA

Revision 4

Revision Date 24 Mar 2021

Key/Legend < Less Than > Greater Than

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

atm Atmosphere

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

cm² Square CentimetresCO2 Carbon Dioxide

COD Chemical Oxygen Demand **deg C (°C)** Degrees Celcius

EPA (New Zealand) Environmental Protection Authority of New Zealand

deg F (°F) Degrees Farenheit

g Grams

g/cm³ Grams per Cubic Centimetre

g/I Grams per Litre

HSNO Hazardous Substance and New Organism **IDLH** Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health **immiscible** Liquids are insoluable in each other.

inHg Inch of Mercury inH2O Inch of Water

K Kelvin **kg** Kilogram

kg/m3 Kilograms per Cubic Metre

Ib Pound

LC50 LC stands for lethal concentration. LC50 is the concentration of a material in air which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals. The material is inhaled over a set period of time, usually 1 or 4 hours.

LD50 LD stands for Lethal Dose. LD50 is the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of test animals.

Itr or L Litre

m³ Cubic Metre

mbar Millibar

mg Milligram

mg/24H Milligrams per 24 Hours mg/kg Milligrams per Kilogram

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre

Misc or Miscible Liquids form one homogeneous liquid phase regardless of the amount of either component present.

mm Millimetre

mmH20 Millimetres of Water

mPa.s Millipascals per Second

N/A Not Applicable

 $\mbox{\bf NIOSH}$ National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOHSC National Occupational Heath and Safety Commission

OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

Oz Ounce

PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

Pa Pascal

ppb Parts per Billion

ppm Parts per Million

ppm/2h Parts per Million per 2 Hours
ppm/6h Parts per Million per 6 Hours

psi Pounds per Square Inch

R Rankine

RCP Reciprocal Calculation Procedure

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV Threshold Limit Value

tne Tonne

TWA Time Weighted Average

ug/24H Micrograms per 24 Hours

UN United Nations

wt Weight